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In re application of:
Virginia Poole

Serial No.: 10/616,470

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For: A CONTAINER HAVING A GUARD

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Group Art Unit: unknown

Examiner: unknown

CLAIM OF PRIORITY UNDER 35 U.S.C. § 119


Commissioner of Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

Under the provisions of 35 U.S.C. § 119 Applicant hereby claims the priority of Great Britain patent application Nos. 0226625.2, filed November 14, 2002 and 0310387.6, filed May 6, 2003, which is mentioned in the declaration of the above-identified application. Certified copies of the Priority Documents are submitted herewith.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any further fees associated with this communication or to credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 08-1394.

Respectfully submitted,


Warren B. Kice
Reg. No. 22,732

Dated: 10/6/03

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Andrew Gensey

Dated

10 September 2003

A CONTAINER HAVING A GUARD

This invention relates to a container having a guard,
and particularly although not exclusively relates to a
5 modified ring pull for a beverage can which prevents
the ingress of wasps into the can.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 Beverage cans with ring pulls are extremely widely used
throughout the world. Certain insects are attracted to
sweet beverages and can get into unattended beverage
cans, so that the insect can be swallowed when a person
drinks from the can. This experience is always
15 extremely distressing, but if the insect stings, the
incident can become life-threatening. The insect which
is responsible for the largest number of serious
incidents in Europe is the European wasp (*Vespula*
Germanica).

20

STATEMENT OF INVENTION

According to a first aspect of the present invention,
there is provided a container having an insect guard
25 comprising a ring pull with an opening, the insect
guard being movable over an outlet of the container,
the opening being sized to prevent the ingress of
insects into the outlet whilst enabling the contents of
the container to be poured out.

30

Preferably, the opening comprises a slot formed in the
ring pull. Preferably the slot is arcuate.

Preferably, the slot is elongate and is longer than it is wide. Preferably, the width of the slot is no greater than 3.5 mm.

- 5 Preferably, the ring pull is moveable from a first position, in which the container can be opened to a second position over the said outlet.

10 Preferably, the opening comprises a recess which may be formed in an edge of the ring pull.

Preferably, the ring pull is adapted to engage in the outlet of the container or to engage the can adjacent the outlet.

- 15 Preferably, the ring pull is provided with a tang which engages in the outlet when the ring pull has been moved over the outlet. Most preferably, the ring pull is provided with a pair of depending tangs, which tangs
20 may engage opposite sides of the outlet.

Preferably, the tang or tangs are provided with a circumferential recess into which a rim of the outlet seats, when the ring pull is moved over the outlet.
25 Preferably, the ring pull must be moved towards the outlet in order to seat the rim of the outlet into the recess or recesses. In this embodiment, the ring pull "snaps" into its locked position over the outlet.

- 30 According to a second aspect of the present invention, there is provided a container having a ring pull which can be positioned over an outlet of the container, to function as a guard to prevent the ingress of foreign objects into the container, whilst enabling the

contents of the container to be poured out, the ring pull being adapted to engage in the outlet of the container or to engage the can adjacent the outlet.

- 5 The said foreign objects may comprise insects, drug tablets, or other objects which present a health risk.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

- 10 For a better understanding of the present invention and to show how it may be carried into effect, reference will now be made, by way of example, to the accompanying drawing in which:

- 15 Figure 1 is a top view of a closed beverage can;

Figure 2 shows a beverage can in the process of being opened;

- 20 Figure 3 shows a ring pull being rotated over a fluid outlet of the can;

Figure 4 shows a ring pull acting as an insect guard by covering the fluid outlet from the can;

25

Figure 5 is a perspective view of an alternative embodiment of ring pull/guard, provided with depending tangs; and

- 30 Figure 6 is a view on arrow A of Figure 5.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF A PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

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For the avoidance of doubt, the term "ring pull" encompasses any type, shape or size of ring pull and may include a ring pull having a main body and a cover which is separate from, but attached to, the main body.

10

Figures 1 and 2 show a container in the form of a beverage can 2 having a top surface 4 in which is formed a fluid outlet 6. As is well known in the art, the fluid outlet 6 of the unopened can is closed by a

15 tab of material 8 which is integrally formed with the top surface 4 of the can, and which is defined by a line of weakening 10 which runs around the periphery of the tab 8.

20

A ring pull 12 is rotatably connected to the top surface 4 by means of a rivet 14. The ring pull 12 comprises a base portion 16 which is connected to the rivet 14 and a grip portion 18 which is gripped by a user when the can is opened. An elongate arcuate

25 opening 20 is formed substantially across the full width of the grip portion 18 of the ring pull 12. Furthermore, a top edge 22 of the grip portion 18 is relieved, to form a recessed portion 24 of the ring pull 12.

30

The can 2 is opened with the ring pull 12 in the orientation illustrated in Figure 1. The grip portion 18 is pulled upwardly by a user, so that the base portion 16 is pivoted down onto the tab 8, causing the

line of weakening 10 to break and the tab to be pushed down into the drinks can, as illustrated in Figure 2.

Referring to Figure 3, the ring pull 12 is then pushed back against the top surface 4 of the can 2 and is rotated through 180° , into the orientation illustrated in Figure 4. In this orientation the grip portion 18 covers the fluid outlet 6 in the top surface 4 of the can 2. The width d1 of the arcuate opening 20, and the width d2 of the gap between the recessed portion 24 of the ring pull 12 and the radially outer edge of the fluid outlet 6 are set, so that insects can not enter the can when the can is left unattended. In a preferred embodiment, intended to prevent the ingress of European wasps, d1 and d2 are less than or equal to 3.5 mm.

Figures 5 and 6 show an alternative embodiment of ring pull 12 in which a pair of tangs 26, 28 project downwardly from an underside of the ring pull 12 on opposite sides of the grip portion 18. The outer surface of each tang 26, 28 is provided with an arcuate recess 30, 32 and bevelled leading edge 34, 36.

In use of the can 2, in the orientation illustrated in Figure 4 (with the ring pull 12 disposed directly over the outlet 6 from the can 2), the bevelled leading edges 34, 36 of the tangs 26, 28 will be resting on the top surface 4 of the can adjacent the fluid outlet 6. If the ring pull 12 is then pushed downwardly, a rim of the fluid outlet 6 will ride up the bevelled leading edge 34, 36 until it springs into the arcuate recesses 30, 32. This process is facilitated by slight elastic

deflection of the top surface 4 of the can, and/or by slight elastic deflection of the tangs 26,28.

Unfortunately, it is not unknown for a person to tamper with an unattended can. For example, a drug tablet may be introduced into the can without the knowledge of the user of the can. This danger is greatly reduced with the above described can, because the shape and size of the opening(s) in the ring pull prevent a tablet being introduced into the outlet 6. Furthermore, once the rim of the fluid outlet 6 is located in the arcuate recesses 30, 32, withdrawal of the tangs 26, 28 from the interior of the can is impossible, unless the ring pull 12 is levered by a tool such as a screwdriver. This would cause damage to the ring pull, so if a third party forcibly removed the ring pull 12 from the fluid outlet 6, this tampering would be evident to the user of the can.

In a preferred embodiment, the distance between the bottoms of the arcuate recesses 30, 32 is substantially identical to the width of the fluid outlet 6 in the region of the tangs 26, 28, whereas the distance between the outer surfaces of the tangs 26, 28 at their widest point would be greater than the width of the fluid outlet 6 in the region of the tangs 26, 28. The precise relationship between the above mentioned dimensions can of course be adjusted, for use in any particular application, dependent on the shape of the components, and on the material from which the can, ring pull and tangs are made.

Although in the preferred embodiment, the ring pull 12 is provided with an arcuate opening 20 of a particular

shape, and the top edge 22 of the ring pull 12 is relieved to form a recessed portion 24, any combination of openings and/or recessed portions in the ring pull 12 are contemplated, provided that the contents of the
5 can can be drunk through the opening(s) and/or recess(es) whilst the ingress of specific foreign objects, such as insects, is prevented.

CLAIMS

1. A container having a ring pull with an opening, the ring pull being moveable over an outlet of the container, the opening being sized to prevent the ingress of specific foreign objects into the outlet whilst enabling the contents of the container to be poured out.
2. A container as claimed in claim 1, in which the opening comprises a slot formed in the ring pull.
3. A container as claimed in claim 2, in which the slot is arcuate.
4. A container as claimed in claim 2 or 3, in which the slot is elongate and is longer than it is wide, the width of the slot being less than or equal to 3.5 mm.
5. A container as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, in which the ring pull is moveable from a first position in which the container can be opened to a second position over the said outlet.
6. A container as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, in which the opening comprises a recess in an edge of the ring pull.
7. A container as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, in which the said foreign objects comprise insects.

8. A container as claimed in any one of the preceding claims in which means are provided to fix the ring pull permanently over the outlet of the container.

5 9. A container as claimed in claim 8, in which the ring pull is provided with a tang which engages in the outlet when the ring pull is over the outlet.

10 10. A container as claimed in claim 9, in which the ring pull is provided with a pair of depending tangs which engage opposite sides of the outlet.

15 11. A container having a ring pull which can be positioned permanently over an outlet of the container to function as a guard to prevent the ingress of foreign objects into the container, whilst enabling the contents of the container to be poured out.

20 12. A container substantially as described herein with reference to and as shown in the accompanying drawings.

ABSTRACTA CONTAINER HAVING AN INSECT GUARD

A container 2 having a ring pull 12 with an opening 20,
5 the ring pull 12 being moveable over an outlet 6 of the
container 2, the opening 20 being sized to prevent the
ingress of specific foreign objects into the outlet 6
whilst enabling the contents of the container 2 to be
poured out.

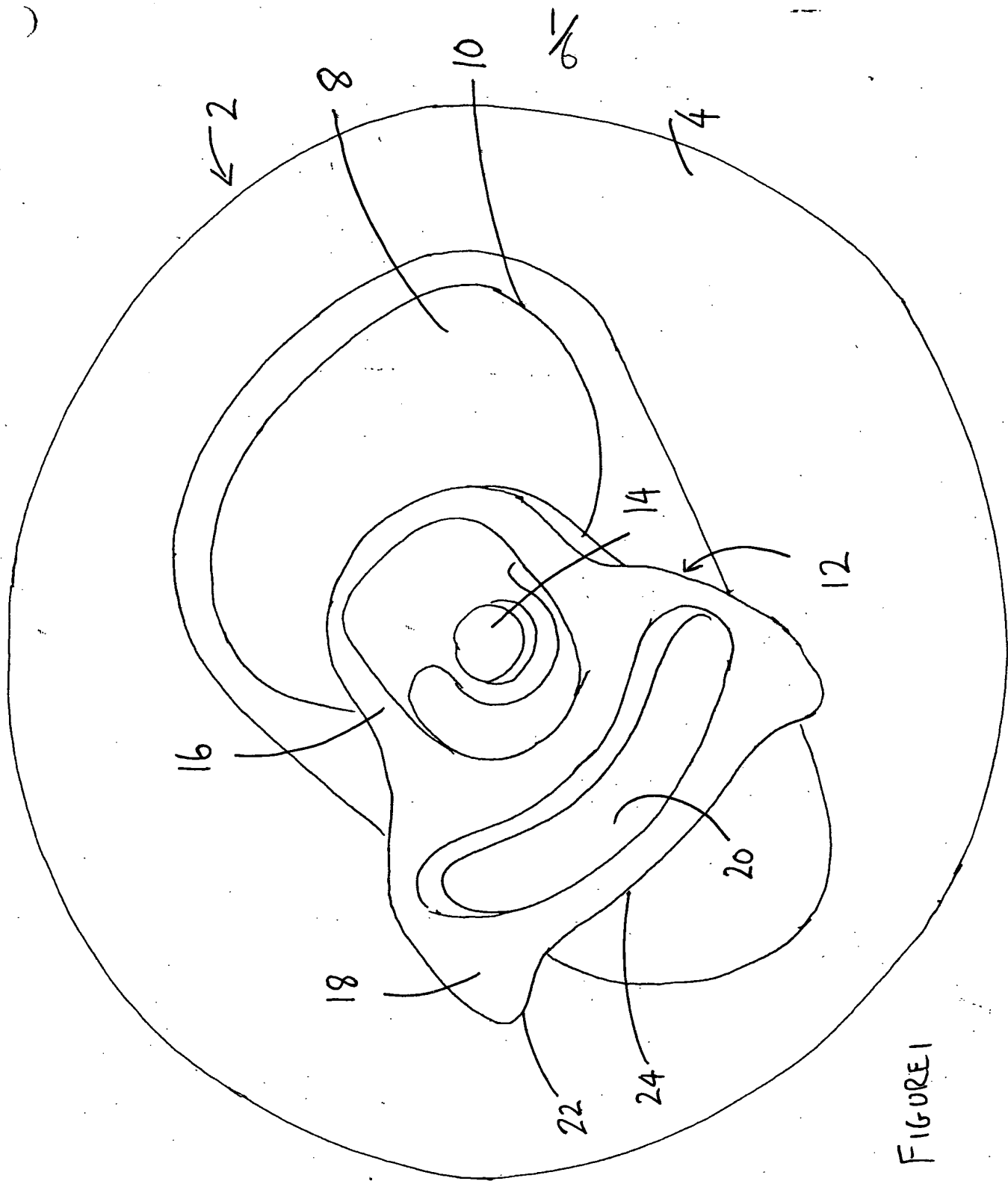


FIGURE 1

2/6

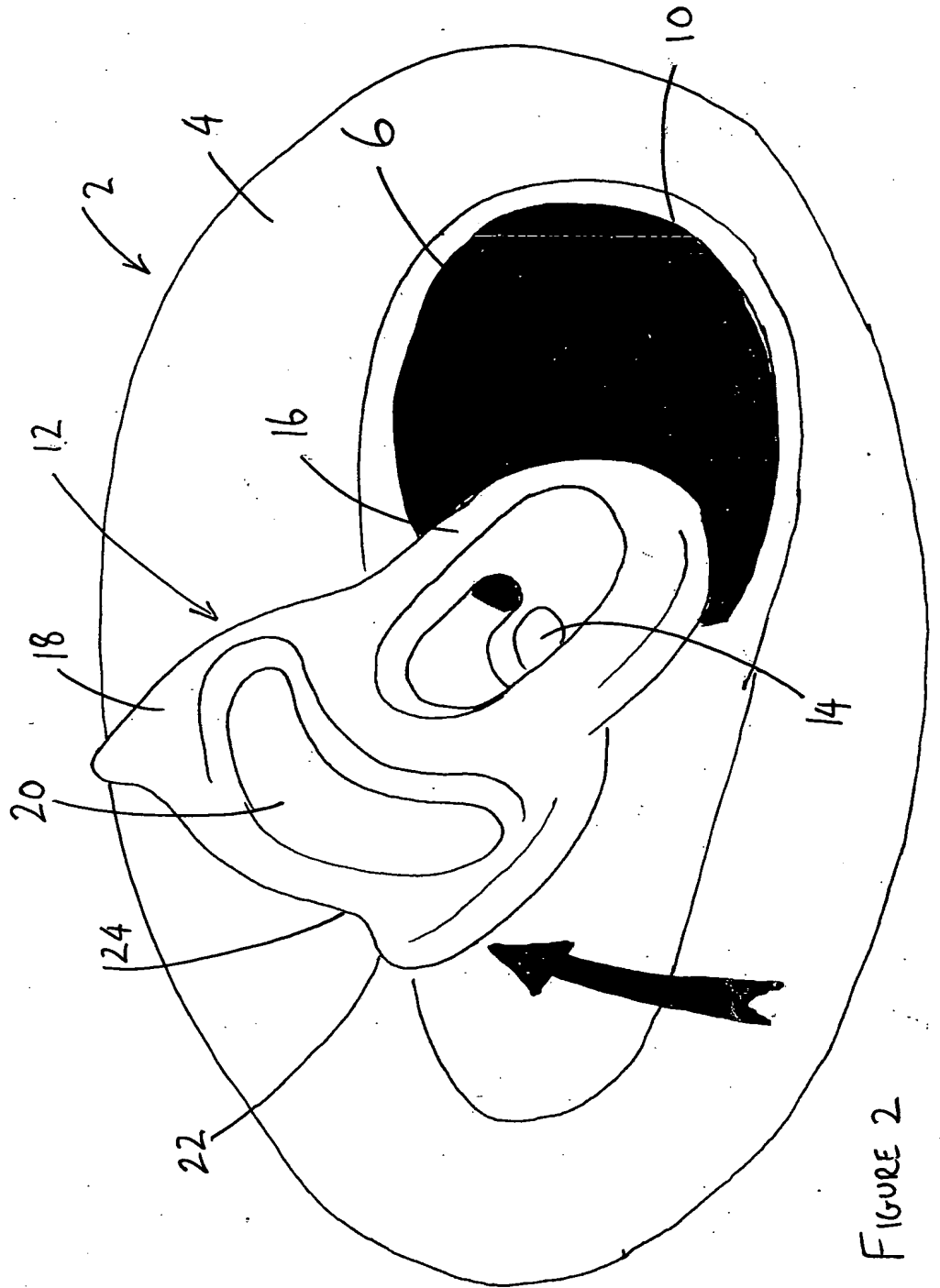


FIGURE 2

3/6

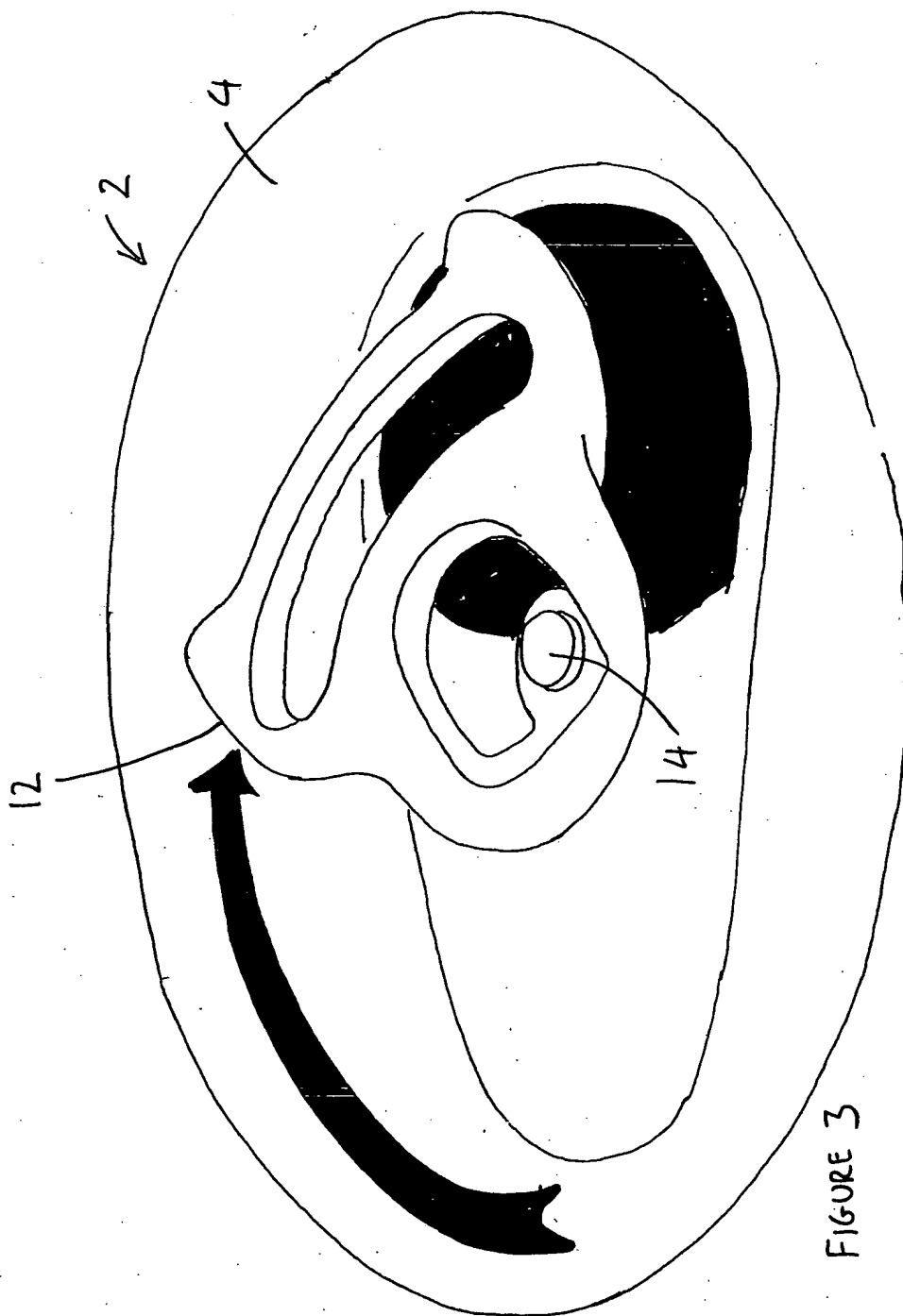


FIGURE 3

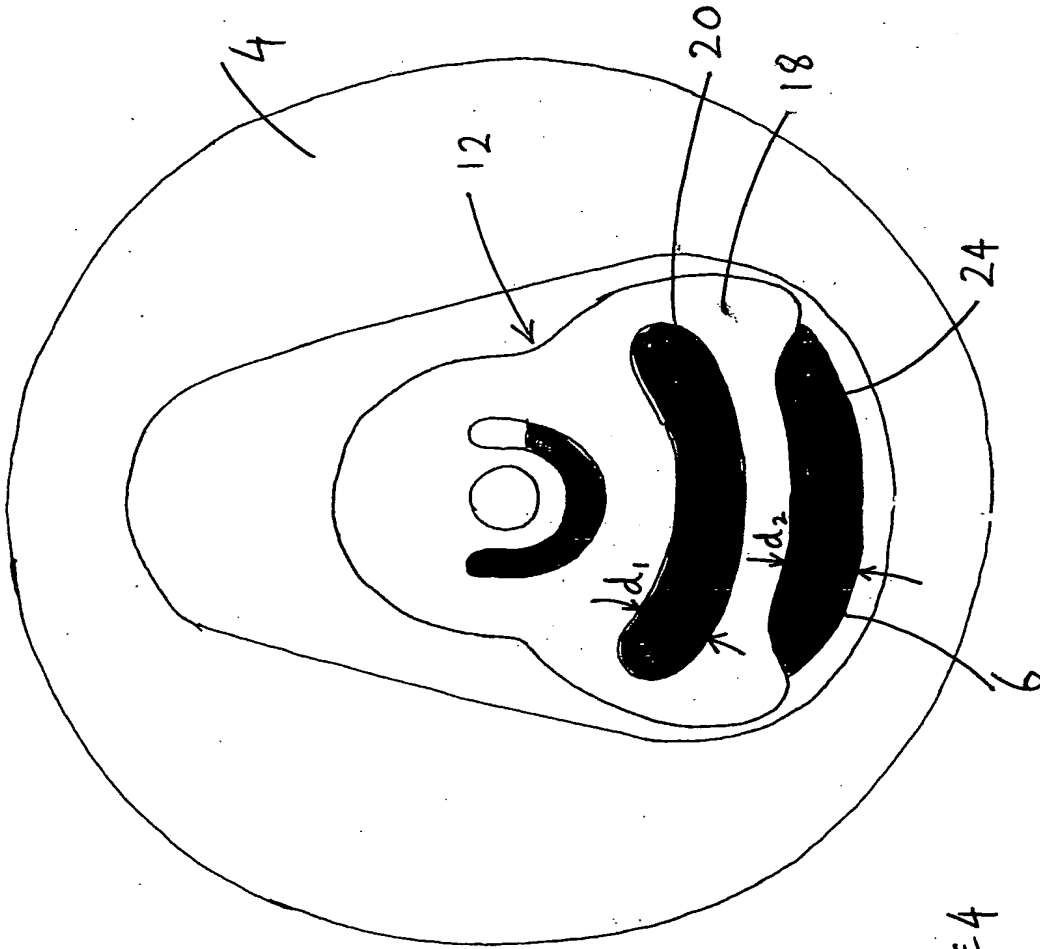


FIGURE 4

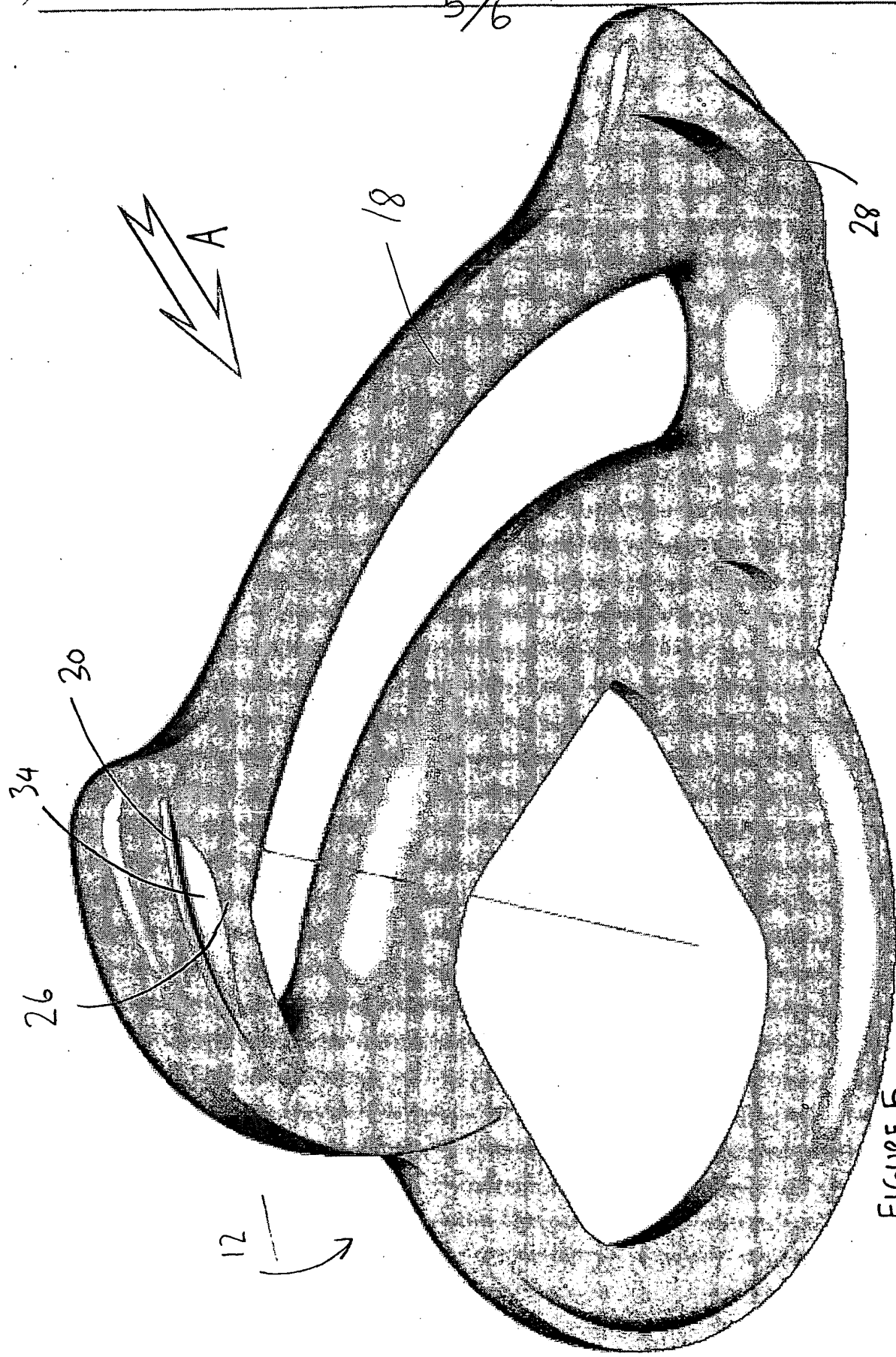


FIGURE 5

6/6

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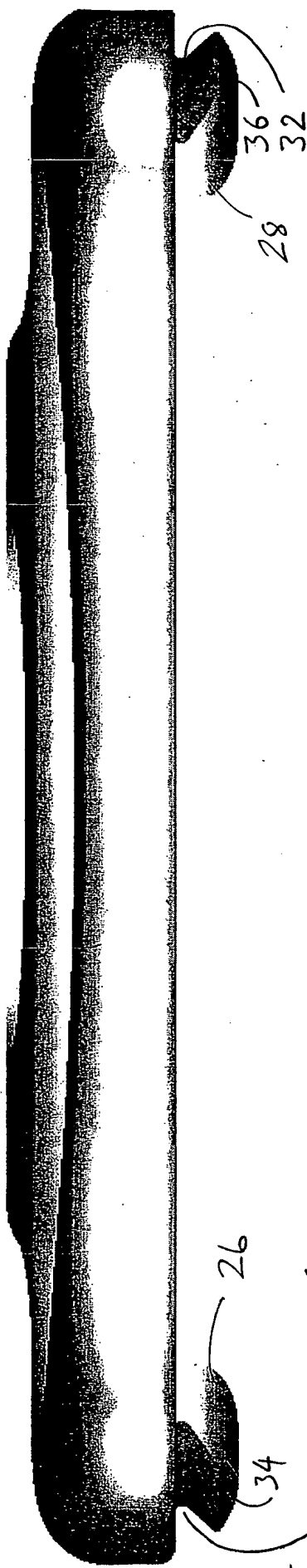


FIGURE 6

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